FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 With Report of Independent Auditors

_oFinancial Statements and Additional Information

Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

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Report of Independent Auditors

Members of the Board The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, as of January 1, 2008, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority as of December 31, 2008 and 2007, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2009 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 to 10 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The additional information on Schedules 1, 2 and 3, as required by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ernet + Young LLP

June 12, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended December 31, 2008 and 2007

This section of the annual financial statements of The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority (the "Authority") presents Management's Discussion and Analysis of the activities and financial performance of the Authority for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance as a whole. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements and accompanying notes.

2008 Financial Highlights

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$38,184 (0.47%) to \$8,145,582 in 2008 from \$8,183,766 in 2007.

Funds held by New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust ("NJEIT") remained at \$372,300 in 2008 and 2007. The funds consist of the remaining proceeds of the financing of the restoration, rehabilitation, upgrade and/or replacement of all of its sludge handling facilities (the "Sludge Handling Facilities Project") in 2003.

Total current assets, inclusive of the funds held by NJEIT, increased by \$118,824 (1.16%) to \$10,397,049 in 2008 from \$10,278,225 in 2007.

Debt (bonds and loans payable), inclusive of the financing from NJEIT, decreased by \$1,181,075 (7.83%) to \$13,910,257 in 2008 from to \$15,091,332 in 2007.

Operating revenues increased by \$164,565 (1.55%) to \$10,758,829 in 2008 from \$10,594,264 in 2007.

Operating expenses increased by \$849,962 (10.60%) to \$8,871,058 in 2008 from \$8,021,096 in 2007.

The Authority had operating income of \$456,574 in 2008 and \$1,159,822 in 2007.

Net assets increased by \$114,577 in 2008 and \$863,909 in 2007.

2007 Financial Highlights

Cash, cash equivalents and investments decreased by \$2,278,383 (21.78%) to \$8,183,766 in 2007 from \$10,462,149 in 2006.

Funds held by New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust ("NJEIT") remained at \$372,300 in 2007 and 2006. The funds consist of the remaining proceeds of the financing of the restoration, rehabilitation, upgrade and/or replacement of all of its sludge handling facilities (the "Sludge Handling Facilities Project") in 2003.

Total current assets, inclusive of the funds held by NJEIT, decreased by \$1,540,131 (13.03%) to \$10,278,225 in 2007 from \$11,818,356 in 2006.

Debt (bonds and loans payable), inclusive of the financing from NJEIT, decreased by \$3,417,403 (18.46%) to \$15,091,332 in 2007 from \$18,508,735 in 2006.

Operating revenues decreased by \$142,139 (1.34%) to \$10,594,264 in 2007 from \$10,731,846 in 2006.

Operating expenses decreased by \$670,224 (7.71%) to \$8,021,096 in 2007 from \$8,691,320 in 2006.

The Authority had operating income of \$1,159,822 in 2007 and \$469,067 in 2006.

Net assets increased by \$863,909 in 2007 and \$75,109 in 2006.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Authority is a self-supporting entity and follows enterprise fund reporting. The Authority's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Enterprise fund statements reflect short- and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Authority. These statements are presented in a manner similar to a private business. The financial statements are presented on pages 11 to 14.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 15 to 29 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Authority

Financial Position. The following table summarizes assets, liabilities and net assets of the Authority as of December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006:

	2008	2007	2006	Current Year % Increase (Decrease)
Current assets:	•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,145,582	\$ 8,183,766	\$ 10,462,149	(0.47)%
Funds held by NJEIT	372,300	372,300	372,300	(1111)
Other current assets	1,879,167	1,722,159	983,907	9.12
Total current assets	10,397,049	10,278,225	11,818,356	1.16
Capital assets property, plant				
and equipment (net)	27,310,067	28,146,943	29,302,377	(2.97)
Non-current assets – debt				
issuance costs (net)	331,991	380,615	434,078	(12.78)
Total assets	38,039,107	38,805,783	41,554,811	(1.98)
Current liabilities (excluding current portion of bonds and loans payable) Bonds and loans payable:	1,219,412	931,380	1,126,914	30.93
Current portion	1,232,520	1,269,268	3,466,083	(2.90)
Long-term portion	12,677,737	13,822,064	15,042,652	(8.28)
•	13,910,257	15,091,332	18,508,735	(7.83)
Other non-current liabilities	63,657	51,867	51,867	22.73
Total liabilities	15,193,326	16,074,579	19,687,516	(5.48)
Net assets	\$ 22,845,781	\$ 22,731,204	\$ 21,867,295	0.50
Net assets consist of: Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	\$ 13,701,093	\$ 14,100,706	\$ 14,500,319	(2.83)
Restricted	4,445,342	4,391,595	6,458,769	1.22
Unrestricted	4,699,346	4,238,903	908,207	10.86
	\$ 22,845,781	\$ 22,731,204	\$ 21,867,295	0.50

During 2008:

Cash and cash equivalents decreased due mainly to the payment of debt due in 2007 and timing of the collection of accounts receivable.

The increase in current liabilities resulted mainly from the timing of the payment of expenses.

There were no payments made related to the Sludge Handling Facilities Project. The funds are released to the Authority based on approved requisitions for the expenditures incurred on the Project.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased as a result of depreciation expense of approximately \$1.4 million, partially offset by current year asset additions of approximately \$594,321.

Debt decreased due to principal payments of approximately \$1.2 million, which was offset by approximately \$47,000 accretion as a result of the amortization of original issue discount on the 1984 and 1992 capital appreciation bonds which accounted for the decrease in bonds and loans payable.

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased as a result of current year depreciation expense offset by the scheduled debt service payments made during the year. The unrestricted assets increased in the current year mainly due to the decrease in the restriction of assets for the payment of capital appreciation bonds.

During 2007:

Cash, cash equivalents and investments decreased due mainly to the payment of debt due in 2007 and timing of the collection of accounts receivable.

The decrease in current liabilities resulted mainly from the timing of the payment of expenses.

There were no payments made related to the Sludge Handling Facilities Project. The funds are released to the Authority based on approved requisitions for the expenditures incurred on the Project.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased as a result of depreciation expense of approximately \$1.4 million, partially offset by current year asset additions of approximately \$258,000.

Debt decreased due to principal payments of approximately \$3.6 million, which was offset by approximately \$281,000 accretion as a result of the amortization of original issue discount on the 1984 and 1992 capital appreciation bonds which accounted for the decrease in bonds and loans payable.

Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased as a result of current year depreciation expense offset by the scheduled debt service payments made during the year. The unrestricted assets increased in the current year mainly due to the decrease in the restriction of assets for the payment of capital appreciation bonds.

Results of Operations. The following table summarizes the revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets of the Authority for the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007 and 2006:

	2008	2007	2006	Current Year % Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:	2000	2007	2000	(Decrease)
Operating revenues:				
Service charges	\$10,324,341	\$10,164,909	\$ 10,307,048	1.57%
Wastewater beneficial reuse fees	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Other	134,488	129,355	124,798	3.97
Non-operating revenues:				
Interest and investment income	89,066	348,032	488,992	(74.41)
Net increase (decrease) in fair				
value of investments		84,782	(74,327)	(100.00)
Total revenues	10,847,895	11,027,078	11,146,511	(1.62)
Expenses:				
Operating expenses	8,871,058	8,021,096	8,691,320	10.60
Depreciation	1,431,197	1,413,346	1,571,459	1,26
Non-operating expenses:				
Interest expense	382,439	675,264	749,834	(43.36)
Other	48,624	53,463	58,789	(9.05)
Total expenses	10,733,318	10,163,169	11,071,402	5.61
Change in net assets	\$ 114,577	\$ 863,909	\$ 75,109	(86.74)

Service charges are collected from the City of Linden (the "City"), the Borough of Roselle (the "Borough") and certain industrial and commercial customers (the "Major Users") for the recovery of the Authority's operation and maintenance costs, debt service costs and required reserves appropriated in the annual budget. The service charges to the City and the Borough are calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Contract, as amended and supplemented, entered into by and among the Authority, the City and the Borough. The service charges to the Major Users are calculated taking into account the volume (flow in million gallons) and strength of their wastewater discharges (biological oxygen demand and suspended solids in tons).

The service charges to the City, the Borough and the Major Users for the last five years follow:

Year	City	Borough	Major Users	Total
2000				
2008	\$ 4,780,253	\$ 2,596,943	\$ 2,947,145	\$10,324,341
2007	4,902,104	2,649,398	2,613,407	10,164,909
2006	4,824,914	2,576,783	2,905,351	10,307,048
2005	4,703,798	2,460,571	2,550,252	9,714,621
2004	4,355,131	2,473,016	2,601,125	9,429,272

Wastewater beneficial reuse fees are amounts collected from certain power utility companies for reservation of capacity to draw treated effluent from the Authority to be used for cooling water. These revenues are utilized by the Authority to offset the service charges.

During 2008:

The decrease in interest income was a result of much lower average interest rates prevailing during 2008 compared to 2007.

Other revenues consisted of lease and miscellaneous income.

Operating expenses in 2008 increased by \$849,962 from 2007, mainly due to higher sludge barging costs from increased tonnage, higher power costs as a result of increased rates, and legal costs.

Depreciation expense remained at the same level as 2007 as there were no significant additions.

Interest expense includes non-cash accretion of \$63,059 in 2008 and \$298,108 in 2007 and on the 1984 and 1992 capital appreciation bonds. The remaining interest expense related to the 1996 revenue bonds and the NJEIT Trust Loan.

During 2007:

Interest and investment income includes the non-cash accretion of \$0 in 2007 and \$174,448 in 2006 in the invested sinking fund, interest on delinquent customers' accounts and income from cash equivalents and other investments. The increase in interest income was a result of higher average interest rates prevailing during 2007 compared to 2006.

Other revenues consisted of lease and miscellaneous income.

Operating expenses in 2007 decreased by \$670,224 from 2006, due to the Authority's stringent budget policies and control on spending. Spending was favorably impacted by a new three-year contract for sludge removal beginning in July 2006.

Depreciation expense remained at the same level as 2006 as there were no significant additions.

Interest expense includes non-cash accretion of \$298,108 in 2007 and \$323,192 in 2006 and on the 1984 and 1992 capital appreciation bonds. The remaining interest expense related to the 1996 revenue bonds and the NJEIT Trust Loan.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The investment in capital assets and the related financing costs account for a significant portion of the Authority's budget and, consequently, of the service charges to its customers. The Authority's investment in capital assets consists of land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, and construction in progress aggregating to \$63,843,973 and \$63,249,652 at December 31, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Accumulated depreciation amounted to \$36,533,906 and \$35,102,709 at those respective dates. The increase in accumulated depreciation is the result of the current year depreciation expense.

Debt

The Authority structures its capital financing plan in a manner that avoids or minimizes significant fluctuations in year-to-year service charge assessments to its customers.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Authority had \$13,910,257 in outstanding long-term debt. The Authority retired \$1,227,777 of debt during 2008.

More detailed information about debt can be found in Note 6 of the notes to financial statements.

Economic Outlook

The Authority operates in a fully developed service area. The customer base is considered stable and changes, if any, will depend upon redevelopment activities in the City and the Borough, as well as operational changes that may be implemented by the Authority's Major Users. With the increasing cost of operations, maintenance, regulatory compliance and plant upgrades, the Authority maintains strict budgetary controls on expenditures and explores alternative sources of revenues to support its service charges rates.

Contacting the Authority's Management

This financial report is designed to provide the residents of the City of Linden, the Borough of Roselle, the Authority's Major Users and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Executive Director, The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority, 5005 South Wood Avenue, Linden, New Jersey 07036. The Authority's telephone number is 908-862-7100.

Statements of Fund Net Assets

	1 2008	December 31	r 31 2007		December 31 2008	ber 31 2007
Assets Current assets:				Liabilities Current liabilities: Pavahle from unrestricted assets:		Plant of the state
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,242,709	\$ 602	6,181,280	Accounts payable	\$ 564,328	\$ 402,719
Total unrestricted assets	8,121,876	876	7,903,439	Total payable from unrestricted assets	782,751	488,495
Restricted: Cash and cash equivalents	1,902,873	873	2,002,486	Payable from restricted assets: Accrued interest payable	97,827	104,051
Funds held by New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust	372.300	300	372,300	Accounts payable, retainage and accrued liabilities	338,834	338,834
Total restricted assets	2,275,173	173	2,374,786	Current portion of long-term debt	1,232,520	1,269,268
Total current assets	10,397,049	049	10,278,225	Total payable from restricted assets	1,669,181	1,712,153
				Total current liabilities	2,451,932	2,200,648
Capital assets: Land	236,512	512	236,512	Accrued liabilities - noncurrent	63,657	51,867
Buildings and improvements	56,443,106	106	55,882,581	Long-term debt – net of current portion and		
Machinery and equipment	7,101,812	812	7,068,016	unamortized discount and premium	12,677,737	13,822,064
Furniture and fixtures Construction in progress	ξζ. «	53,878 8,665	53,878	Total liabilities	15,193,326	16,074,579
	63,843,973	973	63,249,652	Net assets		
	•			Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13,701,093	14,100,706
Less accumulated depreciation	36,533,906	906	35,102,709	Restricted for:		
Net	27,310,067	290	28,146,943	Operations	3,094,600	3,048,367
				Debt service reserve	617,765	692,462
Bond issue costs-net of amortization	331,991	166	380,615	Retirement of capital appreciation bonds	82,211	82,211
				Renewal and replacement	992'059	992'059
				Unrestricted	4,699,346	4,156,692
				Total net assets	22,845,781	22,731,204
	\$ 38,039,107	107 \$	38,805,783		\$ 38,039,107	\$ 38,805,783

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

	Year Ended	December 31
	2008	2007
Operating voryonyage		
Operating revenues: Service charges	\$ 10,324,341	\$ 10,164,909
	300,000	300,000
Wastewater beneficial reuse fees	•	•
Interest on delinquent accounts	70,430	60,218
Lease income	55,007	55,276
Miscellaneous income	9,051	13,861
	10,758,829	10,594,264
Operating expenses, excluding depreciation	8,871,058	8,021,096
Operating income before depreciation	1,887,771	2,573,168
Depreciation	1,431,197	1,413,346
Income from operations	456,574	1,159,822
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	89,066	348,032
Net increase in fair value of investments	, <u>-</u>	84,782
Interest expense	(382,439)	(675,264)
Amortization of deferred bond issue costs	(48,624)	(53,463)
Change in net assets	114,577	863,909
Not accept hasinning of year	22,731,204	21,867,295
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ 22,845,781	\$ 22,731,204
Net assets, end of year	\$ 42,643,761	Ψ 44,/31,404

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended 2008	December 31 2007
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from:		
Service charges	\$ 10,167,333	\$ 9,426,657
Beneficial reuse	300,000	300,000
Leases	55,007	55,276
Interest on delinquent accounts	70,430	60,218
Miscellaneous	9,051	13,861
Payments for:		
Wages and salaries	(2,725,855)	(2,546,090)
Employee benefits and payroll taxes	(1,251,318)	(1,257,928)
Operations and maintenance	(4,737,839)	(4,410,322)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,886,809	1,641,672
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Payments of principal on bonds	(1,689,672)	(3,649,774)
Payments of principal on loans	_	(48,611)
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(444,323)	(254,258)
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(139,031)	(400,226)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(2,273,026)	(4,352,869)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Sale of investments	_	3,100,470
Interest received	348,033	352,444
Net cash provided by investing activities	348,033	3,452,914
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(38,184)	741,717
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,183,766	7,442,049
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,145,582	\$ 8,183,766

Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Year Ended 2008	December 31 2007
Reconciliation of income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities		
Income from operations	\$ 456,574	\$ 1,159,822
Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	,	, , ,
Depreciation	1,431,197	1,413,346
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(157,008)	(738,252)
Accounts payable	161,609	(189,555)
Accrued liabilities	(5,563)	(3,689)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,886,809	\$ 1,641,672
Balance comprised of		
Unrestricted	\$ 6,242,709	\$ 6,181,280
Restricted	1,902,873	2,002,486
	\$ 8,145,582	\$ 8,183,766
Supplemental disclosures of eash flow information		
Interest expense – amortization of original issue discount		
on capital appreciation bonds	\$ 63,059	\$ 298,108
Amortization of bond issue costs charged to expense	\$ 37,468	\$ 39,224
Amortization of premium on bonds	\$ (16,358)	\$ (17,124)
- more or promise or constant	<u>Ψ (10,550)</u>	Ψ (1/,12-7)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2008 and 2007

1. General

The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority (the "Authority") is a public body politic and corporate, organized and existing under the Sewerage Authorities Law, constituting Chapter 138 of the P.L. of 1946 of the State of New Jersey and by parallel ordinances adopted in December 1947 by the City of Linden (the "City") and the Borough of Roselle (the "Borough").

The Authority owns and operates a sanitary sewer system providing treatment and disposal of sewerage from the City and the Borough.

Revenue is provided primarily from annual service charges collected from the City, the Borough and customers classified as major industrial users. The service charges are based generally on the Authority's operation and maintenance costs, debt service costs and required reserves appropriated in the annual budget.

As a public body, the Authority is exempt from both federal and state taxes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. In its accounting and financial reporting, the Authority follows the pronouncements of the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). As permitted by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the Authority has elected to not adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2004, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. In addition to pensions, many state and local governmental employers provide other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") as part of the total compensation offered to attract and retain the services of qualified employees.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

OPEB includes postemployment healthcare, as well as other forms of postemployment benefits (for example, life insurance) when provided separately from a pension plan. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expense, expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures, and, if applicable, required supplementary information ("RSI") in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. GASB No. 45 is effective in phases based on total annual revenues. The Authority falls in phase 3 and is required to implement this statement in financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2008. The Authority is in the process of evaluating the impact the statement will have on its financial statements.

In November 2006, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The effective date for this pronouncement is for periods beginning after December 15, 2007. There was no effect on the Authority's financial statements as a result of the adoption of GASB 49.

Funds and Accounts Established by Bond Resolutions and Trust Agreement

In accordance with the Bond Resolutions and Trust Agreement securing the 1984 Refunding Revenue Bonds, the 1992 Revenue Bonds and the 1996 Revenue Bonds, the Authority has established various cash and investment accounts with a trustee with restrictions on the use of funds, as follows:

Construction Fund – The construction fund has been established for the payment of the cost of each project for which bonds have been issued under the Trust Agreement. Upon completion of the construction project, any funds remaining and not reserved for unpaid costs shall be transferred to the renewal and replacement fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Fund – All pledged revenues as defined in the Trust Agreement are required to be paid over to the trustee upon receipt and deposited in the revenue fund. Transfers from the revenue fund shall be made on the first day of each month in amounts needed to establish the respective fund balances as follows:

Operating Fund – to the greater of the amount of (i) the Authority's net operating expenses for the current month and the next succeeding three months or (ii) \$1,600,000.

Debt Service Fund – to equal the interest and principal falling due on the Bonds during the fiscal year.

Sinking Fund – to equal the aggregate amount of all sinking fund installments, if any, required to be paid during the fiscal year.

Debt Service Reserve Fund – to maintain or provide an amount equal to the maximum annual net debt service requirement as defined in the Trust Agreement on the bonds for any succeeding fiscal year.

Renewal and Replacement Fund – to equal the reasonably required reserve called for by the Trust Agreement.

General Fund – to deposit therein the balance of the pledged revenues to the extent any monies are available.

Operating Fund – The operating fund is used to pay all reasonable and necessary costs of operating, maintaining and repairing the sewer system (other than the types of repairs budgeted or authorized for payment from the renewal and replacement fund).

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund shall be used to pay principal and interest on the bonds. When bonds are purchased or redeemed, the amount, if any, in the debt service fund representing interest thereon shall be applied to the payment of accrued interest in connection with any such redemption or purchase and any excess thereof together with any amount representing principal shall be transferred to the renewal and replacement fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Sinking Fund – The Trustee shall establish and maintain a separate account for each series of outstanding bonds that mature on a single date and for which sinking fund installments are established. Monies paid into the sinking fund shall be segregated and set aside in said accounts in proportion to the respective amounts of sinking fund installments payable during the next fiscal year with respect to the particular bonds for which such account is maintained. The Authority by resolution shall determine whether a sinking fund account established for any series of bonds shall operate as a redemption sinking fund account or as an invested sinking fund account. In addition to transfers from the revenue fund, moneys from the debt service reserve fund may be transferred into this fund as described below.

Debt Service Reserve Fund — The debt service reserve fund is used to make up any deficiencies in the debt service fund or any other sinking fund account. In addition to transfers from the revenue fund, moneys from the renewal and replacement and the general funds may be transferred into this fund as described below.

Renewal and Replacement Fund – If the amount in the debt service reserve fund shall be less than the maximum annual net debt service requirement, the Trustee shall withdraw from the renewal and replacement fund and pay into the debt service reserve fund the amount needed to increase the amount in the debt service reserve fund so that it equals such maximum annual net debt service requirement. Monies in this fund may be applied to the reasonable and necessary expenses of the Authority with respect to the sewer system for extraordinary improvements, constructions, reconstructions, major repairs, renewals, replacements or maintenance items of a type not recurring annually or at shorter intervals and for costs of equipment.

General Fund – If the amount in the debt service reserve fund shall be less than the maximum annual net debt service requirement, the Trustee shall withdraw from the general fund and pay into the debt service reserve fund the amount needed to increase the amount in the debt service reserve fund so that it equals the maximum annual net debt service requirement. Under the conditions set forth in the Trust Agreement, the Trustee may transfer monies from the general fund to the revenue fund or to the Authority to be spent for any lawful purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Annual Net Debt Service Reserve Requirement

Under the Trust Agreement, this represents debt service requirements for any fiscal year, including principal and interest due on all outstanding bonds and any sinking fund installments, less determinable investment income projected to be received on investment securities and other investment obligations purchased from time to time from pledged revenues and held by the trustee in the invested sinking fund. The Authority has determined that, for purposes of funding the debt service reserve funds as required under the Trust Agreement, the maximum annual net debt service requirement amounts to \$617,765, and does not include the debt service on the loans payable to the New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority (see Note 6).

Revenue and Expense Classification

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items in the preparation of its financial statements. Operating revenues consists of service charges and wastewater beneficial reuse fees derived from the operation of the Authority's sanitary sewer system and the providing of treatment and disposal of sewerage from the City, the Borough and other customers. Operating expenses consists primarily of personnel costs, administrative expenses, power, sludge removal and other plant expenses related to the operation of the sanitary sewer system and the delivery of treatment and disposal services. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers investments with original maturities of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost which includes direct construction costs and capitalized interest (net of related interest income) and other expenses related to construction. The capitalization threshold for the particular classification of the capital assets are as follows:

Asset	Threshold
Land	All
Building and equipment	All
Machinery and equipment	\$2,500
Furniture and fixtures	\$1,000
Computer equipment	\$1,000

Depreciation is determined on a straight-line basis for all capital assets, except land and construction in progress. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 48 years.

Interest Expense - Capital Appreciation Bonds

The original issue discount on the Capital Appreciation Bonds is being amortized over the life of the bonds by the effective-interest method.

Bond Issue Costs

Costs related to the issuance of the bonds are being amortized on the interest method over the life of the bonds.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the 2008 presentation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

3. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash deposits and treasury money market funds. Cash on deposit (unrestricted and restricted), which totaled \$8,145,582 and \$8,183,766 in 2008 and 2007, respectively, is partially insured by federal deposit insurance in the amount of \$100,000 in each depository. Balances above the federal deposit insurance amount are insured by a collateral pool maintained by the bank as required by New Jersey statutes under the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act ("GUDPA").

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the Authority disclose whether its deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk (risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Authority would not be able to recover the value of its deposit or investment). Deposits are considered to be exposed to custodial credit risk if they are: uninsured and uncollateralized (securities are not pledged to the depositor), collateralized with the securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the name of the Authority.

The Authority does not have a policy for the management of custodial credit risk, other than depositing all of its funds in banks covered by GUDPA. At December 31, 2008, the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

4. Funds Held by New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Authority ("NJEIT")

In 2003, the Authority completed the financing with New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust ("NJEIT") for the restoration, rehabilitation, upgrade and/or replacement of all of its sludge handling facilities (the "Sludge Handling Facilities Project"). The financing consisted of an interest-bearing loan in the amount of \$7,090,000 (the "Trust Loan") and a non-interest-bearing loan in the amount of \$6,807,579 (the "Fund Loan"). Under the terms of the financing, the proceeds from the loans are held by NJEIT and released to the Authority based on approved requisitions for the payment of costs incurred on the project. The transactions in funds held by NJEIT consisted of the following:

Principal amount of loans:			
Trust Loan	\$ 7,090,000		
Fund Loan	 6,807,579	\$ 1	3,897,579
Premium		_	226,710
Accrued interest on Trust Loan received at closing			18,899
Cost of issuance			(519,289)
Net proceeds		1	3,623,899
Funds released to the Authority during 2003		((1,161,033)
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2003		1	2,462,866
Interest earned on deposits			43,078
Funds released to the Authority during 2004		((6,999,141)
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2004			5,506,803
Funds released to the Authority during 2005		((4,976,077)
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2005			530,726
Funds released to the Authority during 2006			158,426
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2006			372,300
Funds released to the Authority during 2007			-
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2007		,	372,300
Funds released to the Authority during 2008			
Funds held by NJEIT at December 31, 2008		\$	372,300

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Ľ	Balance, Jecember 31, 2007	Incr	eases	D	ecreases	Т	ransfers_	D	Balance, ecember 1, 2008
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	236,512 8,665	\$	-	\$		\$	_ _	\$	236,512 8,665
Total capital assets not being depreciated		245,177				-				245,177
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		55,882,581	56	0,525		_			5	6,443,106
Machinery and equipment	•	7,068,016		3,796		_		-		7,101,812
Furniture and fixtures		53,878								53,878
Total capital assets being depreciated	€	3,004,475	59	4,321		-		_	6	3,598,796
Less accumulated depreciation:	_									
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	2	9,494,344		3,517		-		-		0,817,861
Furniture and fixtures		5,555,954 52,411	10	7,277 403		_				5,663,231 52,814
Total accumulated depreciation	3	5,102,709	1,43	1,197		_		-	3	6,533,906
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total net capital assets		7,901,766 8,146,943	(83	6,876) 6,876)	\$	<u> </u>	\$		2	7,064,890 7,310,067
•	D	Balance, ecember 1, 2006	Incre	eases	Do	ecreases	Tı	ansfers	B De	alance, ecember 1, 2007
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	236,512 16,535	\$	8,665	\$		\$		\$	236,512 8,665
Total capital assets not being depreciated								(16.535)		0,000
aopteomica		253,047		8,665	***************************************			(16,535) (16,535)		245,177
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		5,654,531	21	8,665 1,515						5,882,581
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment		5,654,531 7,056,202	21	8,665 1,515 7,314		(25,500)		(16,535)		5,882,581 7,068,016
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		5,654,531	21	8,665 1,515		(25,500)		(16,535)		5,882,581
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	6	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193	21 3 24	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247		` -		(16,535) 16,535 16,535	6.	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	6	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193 8,190,296	21 3 24	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247 4,048	- Walter	` -		(16,535) 16,535 — 16,535	6: 29	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	6	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193 8,190,296 5,472,544	21 3 24	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247 4,048 3,410		` -		(16,535) 16,535 16,535	6: 29	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475 0,494,344 5,555,954
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	6	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193 8,190,296	21 3 24 1,30 8	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247 4,048		(25,500)		(16,535) 16,535 — 16,535	6:	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets, net of accumulated	2	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193 8,190,296 5,472,544 52,023 3,714,863	21 3 24 1,30 8	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247 4,048 3,410 388 7,846		(25,500)		16,535 16,535 16,535 16,535	29	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475 9,494,344 5,555,954 52,411 5,102,709
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Furniture and fixtures Total accumulated depreciation	3	5,654,531 7,056,202 53,460 2,764,193 8,190,296 5,472,544 52,023	21 3 24 1,30 8	8,665 1,515 7,314 418 9,247 4,048 3,410 388 7,846		(25,500)	\$	(16,535) 16,535 — 16,535	6: 29 3:	5,882,581 7,068,016 53,878 3,004,475 9,494,344 5,555,954 52,411

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:

	Balance, December 31, 2007	Additions	Accretion (Amortization)	Payments	Balance, December 31, 2008	Due Within One Year
1992 capital appreciation bonds: Maturity value Unamortized original issue	\$ 1,320,000	\$ -	\$	\$ (215,000)	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 140,000
discount	(316,080)	_	63,059	_	(253,021)	(4,636)
Accreted value	1,003,920		63,059	(215,000)	851,979	135,364
1996 Revenue Bonds	1,680,000	-	-	(390,000)	1,290,000	410,000
2003 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan	6,330,000	-	_	(275,000)	6,055,000	290,000
Fund loan	5,585,110		_	(347,777)	5,237,333	348,545
Premium	152,023		(16,357)		135,666	-
	12,067,133	-	(16,357)	(622,777)	11,427,999	638,545
Loan payable – Economic Development Authority	340,279	-	_		340,279	48,611
•	\$ 15,091,332	\$ -	\$ 46,702	\$ (1,227,777)	\$ 13,910,257	\$ 1,232,520
1004 or the land of the Lordon	Balance, December 31, 2006	Additions	Accretion (Amortization)	Payments	Balance, December 31, 2007	Due Within One Year
1984 capital appreciation bonds: Maturity value Unamortized original issue	\$ 2,105,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,105,000)	\$ -	\$ -
discount	(213,757)	-	213,757		•••	_
Accreted value	1,891,243					
		-	213,757	(2,105,000)		
1992 capital appreciation bonds: Maturity value	1,880,000	-	213,757	(2,105,000) (560,000)	1,320,000	215,000
			213,757 - 84,349	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,320,000	215,000 (7,120)
Maturity value Unamortized original issue	1,880,000 (400,429) 1,479,571	 	-	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount	(400,429)		- 84,349	(560,000)	(316,080)	(7,120)
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans:	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000	- - - -	- 84,349	(560,000) - (560,000) (370,000)	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000	(7,120) 207,880 390,000
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000 6,595,000	- - - -	- 84,349	(560,000) - (560,000) (370,000) (265,000)	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000 6,330,000	(7,120) 207,880 390,000 275,000
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan Fund loan	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000 6,595,000 5,934,884	- - - - -	- 84,349 84,349 - -	(560,000) - (560,000) (370,000)	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000 6,330,000 5,585,110	(7,120) 207,880 390,000
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000 6,595,000 5,934,884 169,147	- - - - - -	84,349 84,349 - - - (17,124)	(560,000) ——————————————————————————————————	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000 6,330,000 5,585,110 152,023	(7,120) 207,880 390,000 275,000 347,777
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan Fund loan Premium	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000 6,595,000 5,934,884	- - -	- 84,349 84,349 - -	(560,000) - (560,000) (370,000) (265,000)	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000 6,330,000 5,585,110	(7,120) 207,880 390,000 275,000
Maturity value Unamortized original issue discount Accreted value 1996 Revenue Bonds 2004 NJEIT Loans: Trust loan Fund loan	(400,429) 1,479,571 2,050,000 6,595,000 5,934,884 169,147	- - -	84,349 84,349 - - - (17,124)	(560,000) ——————————————————————————————————	(316,080) 1,003,920 1,680,000 6,330,000 5,585,110 152,023	(7,120) 207,880 390,000 275,000 347,777

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

1984 Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "1984 Bonds")

The 1984 capital appreciation bonds matured in 2007 with an accreted value of \$2,105,000. The yield on these bonds was 11.00%.

The Authority had established an invested sinking fund to accumulate funds to retire the 1984 bonds.

The capital appreciation bonds shall not generally be subject to redemption except under certain conditions, such as when any of the related invested sinking fund securities are called for redemption by the United States Treasury on or after November 15, 2003. Under such condition, the capital appreciation bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority on any June 15 or December 15 as a whole series or in part as determined by the Trustee at a redemption price equal to the accreted value as shown on the capital appreciation bonds.

1992 Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "1992 Bonds")

The 1992 capital appreciation bonds mature in annual installments from 2009 through 2016 at varying accreted values ranging from \$140,000 to \$215,000 a year. The yields on those bonds range from 6.85% to 6.95% a year based on the proceeds of original issue. The 1992 bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Pledged revenues include all revenues derived from the ownership of the Sewer System. The bonds are payable with pledged revenue through 2016. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt are \$1,105,000 and \$0, respectively, with annual requirements ranging from \$140,000 in 2009 to \$550,000 in the final year. For 2008, principal and interest paid by the Authority was \$215,000 and \$0, respectively.

1996 Revenue Bonds (the "1996 Bonds")

These consist of serial bonds maturing in annual installments from 2009 through 2011 at varying amounts ranging from \$410,000 to \$450,000 a year. The yields on those bonds range from 5.15% to 5.35%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Pledged revenues include all revenues derived from the ownership of the Sewer System. The bonds are payable with pledged revenue through 2011. Total principal and interest remaining on the debt are \$1,290,000 and \$104,606, respectively, with annual requirements ranging from \$467,207 in 2009 to \$462,037 in the final year. For 2008, principal and interest paid by the Authority was \$390,000 and \$77,612, respectively.

The Bonds maturing after June 1, 2006 shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Authority, on or after June 1, 2006 as a whole at any time or in part on any interest payment date. If less than all of the Bonds of a maturity are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds of such maturity to be called for redemption shall be selected by lot by the Trustee. Any such redemption of the Bonds shall be at the respective redemption prices (expressed as percentages of the principal amount of the Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed) set forth below, each case with accrued interest to the redemption date:

Redemption Period (dates inclusive)	Redemption Prices
June 1, 2006 to May 31, 2007	102%
June 1, 2007 to May 31, 2008	101%
June 1, 2008 and thereafter	100%

2003 NJEIT Loans

As described in Note 4, the Authority completed the financing of the Sludge Handling Facilities Project in 2003 with New Jersey Environmental Infrastructure Trust ("NJEIT"). The financing consisted of an interest-bearing loan in the amount of \$7,090,000 (the "Trust Loan") and a non-interest-bearing loan in the amount of \$6,807,579 (the "Fund Loan").

The Trust Loan consists of bonds maturing in annual installments ranging from \$290,000 to \$540,000 from 2009 through 2023. The yields on these bonds range from 4.00% to 5.00%.

The Fund Loan consists of bonds maturing in semiannual installments on February 1 and August 1 of each year through 2023. The February 1 semiannual installments are due in decreasing amounts starting at \$85,159 on February 1, 2009 to \$7,882 on February 1, 2023. The August 1 semiannual installments are due in increasing amounts ranging from \$263,386 to \$338,754 a year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Loan Payable - Economic Development Authority

The Port Authority of New York and New Jersey (the "PANYNJ") provided the Authority with a non interest-bearing credit facility of up to \$875,000 to finance the costs of certain improvements to the sewer system. The funds were released to the Authority on a monthly basis based upon actual costs incurred on the project from August 8, 1991 to April 30, 1996. On November 1, 1996, PANYNJ assigned its rights, title and interest to receive the loan payments, loan amount and the original loan agreement to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority. The loan is payable in an equal annual installment of \$48,611 through 2015.

Annual Debt Service on Outstanding Bonds and Loans

The annual debt service (principal and interest) on the outstanding bonds and loans are due as follows:

	1992 Bonds	Loa Paya		1996 Bonds								1,,,,		2003 NJEIT Fund Loan		Total
2009	\$ 140.000	\$ 48	8,611 \$	\$ 467,207	\$	567,130	\$	348,545	\$	1,571,493						
2010	135,000	•	8.611	465,362		567,630		348,853		1,565,456						
2011	140,000	-	8,611	462,037		568,480		349,375		1,568,503						
2012	140,000		8,611	_		567,730		348,914		1,105,255						
2012 - 2017	550,000		5,835			2,845,600		1,748,841		5,290,276						
2018 - 2021	350,000		-	_		2,269,275		1,395,645		3,664,920						
2018 - 2021	_		_			1,136,000		697,160		1,833,160						
2022 2023	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 34	0,279 \$	1,394,606	\$	8,521,845	\$	5,237,333	\$	16,599,063						

7. Pension and Retirement Plan

The Authority's employees participate in the PERS, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the State. The Authority's contribution is based upon an actuarial computation performed by the PERS. Pursuant to the Pension Security Legislation Act of 1997, the issuance of bonds permitted the pension benefit obligation to be fully funded from 1998 to 2004. Beginning in 2005, the Authority was assessed a portion of its normal contribution, which will increase each year until 2009, when 100% of the normal contribution will be assessed, as for each year thereafter. It is the Authority's policy to pay 100% of the contributions assessed by the PERS. For the years ended December 31, 2008, 2007, and 2006, the Authority's contributions were \$145,625, \$83,519, and \$44,983, respectively. Employees of the Authority are required to participate in the PERS and contribute 5% of their annual compensation.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

7. Pension and Retirement Plan (continued)

The general formula for annual retirement benefits is the final average salary divided by 55, times the employee's years of service. Pension benefits fully vest upon reaching 10 years of credited service. Members are eligible for retirement at age 60 with no minimum years of service required. Members who have 25 years or more of credited service may select early retirement without penalty at or after age 55 and receive full retirement benefits. The PERS also provides death and disability benefits. All benefits are established by State statute.

The State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits, issues publicly available financial reports that include the financial statements and required supplementary information for the PERS. The financial reports may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Pension and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

8. Other Postemployment Benefits

The Authority provides health benefits and prescription drug coverage through the cost sharing multiple employer New Jersey State Health Benefits Program (SHBP) to all eligible retired employees and their dependents, including surviving spouses based on 25 years or more of service in the PERS or who are approved for disability retirement. The Authority also reimburses such retirees for their premium charges under Part B of the Federal Medicare Program. Part B covers Medicare eligible physician services, outpatient hospital services, certain home health services, durable medical equipment. As of December 31, 2008; three active employees were eligible for post-retirement benefits. Total post-retirement benefit expense for 10 retirees for the year ended December 31, 2008 amounted to \$76,049.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority has engaged the services of a private contractor for sludge removal and disposal under various contracts extending up to June 2009. The contractor is compensated on a per ton basis at annual rates specified in the contracts which are based on estimated annual tonnages. Sludge removal and disposal costs based on the currently effective agreement amounted to \$2,099,000 in 2008 and \$1,721,216 in 2007.

The Authority is subject to extensive federal and state environmental regulations. The Authority's management is not aware of any violations that may have a material effect on the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

10. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The Authority contracts for commercial liability insurance for property, general liability, auto liability, public official liability, law enforcement liability, workers' compensation, employee health and life insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

II. Additional Information

Schedule of Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended December 31, 2008

	Balance December 31, 2007	Change in Net Assets	Transfer of Depreciation on Contributed Capital	Capital Assets Acquired, Net of Related Debt	Other Transfers	Balance December 31, 2008
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Contributed capital:						
Cost	\$ 26,817,547	\$	\$	\$ -	\$ - \$	26,817,547
Accumulated depreciation	(20,955,553)		(399,613)	***		(21,355,166)
Net	5,861,994	_	(399,613)	_	_	5,462,381
Others	8,238,712		_			8,238,712
	14,100,706	-	(399,613)	_	_	13,701,093
Restricted for:						
Operations	3,048,367			-	46,233	3,094,600
Debt service reserve fund Retirement of capital	692,462	_		***	(74,697)	617,765
appreciation bonds	82,211	-	-	-	-	82,211
Renewal and replacement	650,766	-	-	-	←	650,766
Unrestricted	4,156,692	114,577	399,613	_	28,464	4,699,346
	\$ 22,731,204	\$ 114,577	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	22,845,781

Schedule of Operating Revenues and Costs Funded by Operating Revenues Compared to Budget

Year Ended December 31, 2008 with Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year ended December 31, 2007

	2008 Budget	2008 Actual	2007 Actual
Operating revenue;	 	 	,
Service charges, excluding amounts presented under			
industry assessment:	•		
City of Linden:			
Major users	\$ 2,398,486	\$ 2,453,027	\$ 2,135,494
Other users	4,608,382	4,780,253	4,902,104
Borough of Roselle	2,596,943	2,596,943	2,649,398
Industry assessment:			
Service charges	535,240	494,118	477,913
Wastewater beneficial reuse fees	300,000	300,000	300,000
Lease income	54,700	55,007	55,276
Interest on delinquent accounts	51,000	70,430	60,218
Miscellaneous	6,500	9,051	 13,861
Total operating revenue	10,551,251	10,758,829	10,594,264
Interest income, excluding accretion on invested sinking fund	160,000	89,066	348,032
Total revenue	10,711,251	10,847,895	10,942,296
Expenses excluding depreciation: Employment costs:			
Salaries and wages	2,702,450	2,700,249	2,541,136
Employee benefits	1,329,000	1,271,361	1,258,741
Administrative expenses:			
Office expense	73,400	70,798	65,715
Trustee and paying agent fee	7,500	3,767	6,833
Professional, consulting and training	337,800	280,332	193,168
Insurance	130,600	109,825	123,864
Plant operating expenses:			
Power	1,841,000	1,674,237	1,445,606
Gas, fuel, oil and water	151,000	136,844	125,417
Chemicals	114,800	89,349	77,543
Plant maintenance, supplies and equipment	136,500	104,951	138,256
Contract services	82,400	57,367	78,035
Lab supplies and equipment	49,900	25,603	20,376
Outside labs and permits	37,300	35,155	31,146
Sludge removal	1,995,000	2,099,000	1,721,216
User charge expense	39,000	39,014	39,177
Other environmental enforcement requirements	182,450	162,470	131,679
Contingency and miscellaneous	 50,000	10,736	23,188
Total expenses	9,260,100	 8,871,058	8,021,096

Schedule of Operating Revenues and Costs Funded by Operating Revenues Compared to Budget (continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2007 with Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year ended December 31, 2006

	 2008 Budget	2008 Actual	2007 Actual
Other costs:			
Interest expense	\$ 389,763	\$ 318,930	\$ 377,156
Principal maturity on notes and bonds	1,276,388	1,227,777	3,698,385
Less amount available from invested sinking fund	-		(155,000)
Renewal and replacement reserves	450,000	450,000	200,000
·	 2,116,151	1,996,707	4,120,541
Total costs funded by revenues	 11,376,251	10,867,765	12,141,637
Deficit for budgetary purposes	\$ (665,000)	\$ (19,870)	\$ (1,199,341)
Reconciliation with change in net assets per statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets: Deficit for budgetary purposes Add back other costs treated as expense (income) for budgetary purposes:		\$ (19,870)	\$ (·, · · ·, · · ·)
Principal maturity on notes and bonds		1,227,777	3,698,385
Less amount available from invested sinking fund			(155,000)
Renewal and replacement reserves		450,000	200,000
Add (deduct) non-budget income (expense) items: Depreciation Interest expense – amortization of original issue		(1,431,197)	(1,413,346)
discount*		(63,509)	(298, 108)
Amortization of deferred bond issue costs		(48,624)	(53,463)
Investment income – interest accretion		_	↔
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		-	84,782
Change in net assets		\$ 114,577	\$ 863,909

^{*} The capital appreciation bonds pay interest at maturity.

Schedule of Bonds Payable 1992 Refunding Revenue Bonds

December 31, 2008

Capital Appreciation Bonds

Year of Maturity					Value due		Accreted Value
2009	6.85%	\$	43,938	\$	140,000	\$	118,309
2010	6.90%		39,262		135,000		106,472
2011	6.90%		38,045		140,000		103,172
2012	6.90%		35,550		140,000		96,405
2013	6.90%		32,033		135,000		86,866
2014	6.95%		30,709		140,000		83,873
2015	6.95%		27,656		135,000		75,538
2016	6.95%		26,786		140,000		73,163
		\$	273,979	\$	1,105,000	\$	743,798

The capital appreciation bonds pay interest at maturity.

Schedule 3

The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority

Schedule of Bonds Payable 1996 Revenue Bonds

December 31, 2008

Year of Maturity	Coupon	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	5.15%	\$ 410,000	\$ 57,207	\$ 467,207
2010	5.25%	430,000	35,362	465,362
.2011	5.35%	450,000	12,037	462,037
		\$ 1,290,000	\$ 104,606	\$ 1,394,606

Schedule 3

Schedule of 2003 NJEIT Loans Payable

December 31, 2008

Year of			Trust	Lo	an				'und Loan Principal		
Maturity	Coupon	P	rincipal		Interest	S	Sub-Total		Only) *	Total	
Trust Loan											
2009	5.00%	\$	290,000	\$	277,130	\$	567,130	\$	348,545	\$	915,675
2010	3.00%		305,000		262,630		567,630		348,853		916,483
2011	5.00%		315,000		253,480		568,480		349,375		917,855
2012	5.00%		330,000		237,730		567,730		348,914		916,644
2013	5.00%		345,000		221,230		566,230		347,992		914,222
2014	5.00%		365,000		203,980		568,980		349,682		918,662
2015	4.00%		385,000		185,730		570,730		350,758		921,488
2016	4.00%		400,000		170,330		570,330		350,512		920,842
2017	4.20%		415,000		154,330		569,330		349,897		919,227
2018	4.25%		430,000		136,900		566,900		348,404		915,304
2019	5.00%		450,000		118,625		568,625		349,464		918,089
2020	5.00%		470,000		96,125		566,125		347,928		914,053
2021	4.50%		495,000		72,625		567,625		349,849		917,474
2022	4.75%		520,000		50,350		570,350		350,524		920,874
2023	4.75%		540,000		25,650		565,650		346,636		912,286
		\$	6,055,000	\$	2,466,845	\$	8,521,845	\$	5,237,333	\$ 1	3,759,178

^{*} The Fund Loan does not bear interest.

Officials in Office and Surety Bonds

December 31, 2008

The following officials were in office during the period under audit:

John A. ZiemianChairman
Frank P. KoczurVice Chairman
John Hreha, JrTreasurer
Thomas ColicchioSecretary
Giovanni Principato
Vacant
Gary G. Fare
Kenneth J. BenkoFinance Manager
Weiner Lesniak LLPLegal Advisor
Surety Bond Coverage
The following officials were bonded:
Treasurer\$100,000
Executive Director\$100,000
All Employees – Faithful Performance Blanket Position Bond\$100,000

III. Government Auditing Standards Section



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Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority

We have audited the financial statements of The Linden Roselle Sewerage Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated June 12, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the board, others within the entity, and the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ernst + Young LLP

June 12, 2009